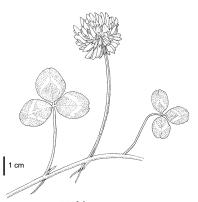
Fabaceae 603

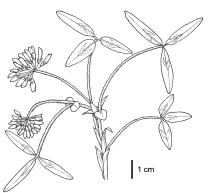
Vicia Linnaeus 1753 (Vetch, Tare)

A genus of about 140 species, from temperate Eurasia and North America. D: Annual or perennial herbs. Stems erect, decumbent, climbing, or trailing. Leaves evenly pinnate; terminal leaflets usually modified into tendrils or, occasionally, exserted bristles; leaflets entire, sometimes mucronate, estipellate, ovate to linear; stipules semisagittate. Inflorescences racemes, axillary, in varying arrangements: well pedunculate, with many flowers on a long axis, or having reduced peduncles and 2-10 flowers on axis, or having peduncles and axes obsolescent and 1-4 flowers shortly pedicellate in leaf axils; calyxes campanulate, 5-cleft, with the lowermost lobes the longest; corollas papilionaceous, reddish purple to violet or blue to white or yellow; standards with broad claws overlapping wings, with blades obovate to subrotund; wings oblong or narrowly obovate, adherent to and usually surpassing the keel; stamens diadelphous; ovaries sessile or shortly stipitate; styles slender, terete, with trichomes at summit. Legumes flat to terete, oblong, sessile to short-stipitate, dehiscent; seeds 1-several, globose to barrel-shaped. R: Isely (1990, 1998); van de Wouw et al. (2003) = Y.

- Inflorescence nearly sessile, of 1–4 flowers clustered in the leaf axil [nonnative species].
 - 2 Corolla 5–6 mm long; leaves with 4–6(–8) leafletsV. lathyroides
 - Corolla 10–30 mm long; leaflets 6–16(–20).
 3 Calyx lobes all shorter than the calyx tube; corolla yellow,
 - often streaked with purple, 23–30 mm long...... V. grandiflora 3 Calyx lobes (at least the longer) about as long as the calyx
 - tube; corolla pink, purple, or white, 10–25(–30) mm long.
 Calyx 7–11(–12) mm long; corolla pink-purple to whit-



Trifolium repens Portion of plant, in flower



Trifolium virginicum Portion of plant, in flower

1 Inflorescence pedunculate, of 2-many flowers along a well-developed raceme [native and nonnative species].

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Vicia americana Willdenow var. *americana*; American Vetch, Purple Vetch. [= C, F, G, I, SE; = V. *americana* ssp. *americana* – K; < V. *americana* – Pa., W, W.Va.] **D:** Perennial. Stems to 1 m, trailing or climbing, glabrous. Leaflets in 4–8 pairs, 1.5–3.5 cm, elliptic or ovate-oblong; numerous lateral veins leaving midrib at 45° angle, branching and anastomosing before margin, tendrils branched, stipules sharply serrate. Racemes distinctly pedunculate, with 2–9 flowers, loose, shorter than subtending leaves; calyxes only slightly gibbous at base; tubes oblique; lobes unequal with the lower 1.2–3 mm and lance-attenuate and the others to 1 mm; corollas 1.5–2.5 cm, bluish purple; styles pubescent at summit or all around, not bearded beneath the stigma. Legumes 2.5–3.5 cm. **P:** May–Jun **H:** Dry, shaley or rocky woodlands, forest edges and clearings, riverside prairies and outcrops. **S:** Rare, mountains.